This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended): <u>An ion-conductive</u> <del>Ion-conductive</del> thermoplastic composition comprising: <del>containing</del> eontaining

a partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol, at least one support electrolyte, and at least one plasticizer <del>plasticiser</del>,

wherein said characterised in that the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol is a copolymer containing the monomer units of:

- vinyl acetate,
- vinyl alcohol,
- acetal I from vinyl alcohol and at least one aldehyde  $\underline{of}$  with formula I  $R^1$ -CHO I

wherein  $R^1$  is with  $R^4$ : branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms, and

- acetal II from vinyl alcohol and a carbonyl compound of with the formula II

$$R^2C-R^3-Y$$
 $\parallel$ 
 $O$ 

wherein  $R^2$  is with  $R^2$ =-H, or branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms,  $R^3$  is a [[=]] direct compound, branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms, or aryl radical with 6 to 18 carbon atoms, and Y is [[=]] -  $CO_2H$ ,  $-SO_3H$ , or  $-PO_3H_2$ .

- 2. (Currently Amended): <u>An ion-conductive Ion-conductive</u> thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, <u>wherein characterised in that</u> the ratio of the <u>acetal I to acetal II</u> monomer units in the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol of <u>acetal I to acetal II</u> is 1:1 to 10,000:1.
- 3. (Currently Amended): <u>An ion-conductive</u> <del>Ion conductive</del> thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein eharacterised in that the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol contains;
  - 0.01 to 5 % by weight of polyvinyl acetate,
  - 10 to 40 % by weight of vinyl alcohol, and
  - 40 to 80 % by weight of acetals I and II.

- 4. (Currently Amended): <u>An ion-conductive Ion-conductive</u> thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, <u>wherein acid-functionalized</u> eharacterised in that acid-functionalised aldehydes are used as <u>said</u> carbonyl compound of formula II.
- 5. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): <u>An electrochromic Electrochromic</u> composite system <u>comprising build up of</u> two bodies coated with electrodes, at least one of which is transparent, and at least one exhibits an electrochromic film, <u>wherein said bodies</u> which are separated by a foil with a composition according to claim 1.
- 6. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): <u>An electrochromic Electrochromic</u> composite system according to claim 5, <u>wherein characterised in that</u> at least one of the electrochromic films contains a metal polycyanometalate, transition metal oxide, or conductive polymer modifying the <u>color colour</u> on cathodic reduction.
- 7. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): <u>An electrochromic Electrochromic</u> composite system according to claim 5, <u>wherein characterised in that</u> at least one of the electrochromic films contains a metal polycyanometallate, transition metal oxide, or conductive polymer modifying the <u>color colour</u> on anodic oxidation.
- 8. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): <u>A process Process</u> for the production of an ion-conductive foil, <u>comprising</u>: by extrusion of extruding a mixture of:
- a) 50-90% by weight of a partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol containing the monomer units of:
  - vinyl acetate,
  - vinyl alcohol,
  - acetal I from vinyl alcohol and at least one aldehyde of with formula I

    R<sup>1</sup>-CHO I

wherein  $R^1$  is with  $R^4$ : branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms, and

- acetal II from vinyl alcohol and a carbonyl compound  $\underline{of}$  with the formula II

$$R^2C-R^3-Y$$
 $\parallel$ 
 $O$ 
 $II$ 

wherein  $R^2$  is with  $R^2$ =H, or branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to

10 carbon atoms,  $R^3$  <u>is a [[=]]</u> direct compound, branched or unbranched alkyl radical with 1 to 10 carbon atoms, <u>or</u> aryl radical with 6 to 18 carbon atoms, and Y <u>is</u> [[=]] -  $CO_2H$ ,  $-SO_3H$ , <u>or</u>  $-PO_3H_2$ ;

- b) 10 to 50% by weight of at least one plasticizer, plasticiser and
- c) 0.1 to 25% by weight of at least one support electrolyte
- 9. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): <u>A process Process</u> according to claim 8, wherein characterised in that the extrusion is carried out under melt fracture conditions.
- 10. (Withdrawn; Currently Amended): A process Process according to claim 8, wherein characterised in that the foil is embossed on one side or both sides with a roughness of  $R_2$  of 40-120  $\mu m$ .
- 11. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition comprises:

50 to 90 % by weight of said partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol;

10 to 50 % by weight of said at least one plasticizer, and

0.1 to 25 % by weight of at least one support electrolyte.

- 12. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition comprises:
  - 50 70 % by weight of said partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol;
  - 20 to 40 % by weight of said at least one plasticizer, and
  - 2-10 % by weight, of at least one support electrolyte.
- 13. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein said acetal II is obtained from vinyl alcohol and/or vinyl alcohol units of polyvinyl alcohol and an acid-functionalized aldehyde, wherein acid-functionalized aldehyde is glyoxylic acid or pyruvic acid.
- 14. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein said acetal I is obtained by reacting vinyl alcohol and/or vinyl alcohol units of polyvinyl alcohol with at least one aldehyde selected from formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, propanal, n-butanal, isobutanal, pentanal, hexanal, heptanal, octanal and/or nonanal.

- 15. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein the ratio of the acetal I to acetal II monomer units in the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol is 10:1 to 1000:1.
- 16. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein the ratio of the acetal I to acetal II monomer units in the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol is 100:1 to 1000:1.
- 17. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein the partially acetalated polyvinyl alcohol contains;
  - 0.01 to 5 % by weight of polyvinyl acetate,
  - 15 to 35 % by weight of vinyl alcohol, and
  - 45 to 75 % by weight of acetals I and II.
- 18. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein at least one support electrolyte comprises LiC10<sub>4</sub>, LiPF<sub>6</sub>, LiSbF<sub>6</sub>, LiAsF<sub>6</sub>, Li(CF<sub>3</sub>COO), LiBF<sub>4</sub>, LiCF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, Li<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, LiN(SO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> or lithium bisoxalatoborate (LiC<sub>4</sub>BO<sub>8</sub>).
- 19. (New): An ion-conductive thermoplastic composition according to claim 1, wherein said at least one plasticizer is a compound of formula III

$$R^4 - (OCH_2CH_2)_n - OR^5 \hspace{1.5cm} III$$

wherein  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  each represent identical or different, branched or unbranched, cyclic or acyclic, aliphatic and/or aromatic hydrocarbon radicals with 1 to 15 carbon atoms or H, and n is 1-5.

20. (New): An electrochromic composite system according to claim 5, wherein said at least one of which is transparent electrode comprises indium-doped tin oxide, aluminum-doped zinc oxide, fluorine-doped tin dioxide, or antimony-doped tin dioxide.